Attacks usually use a command and control (C2) server to manipulate the communication. To perform an attack, threat actors often employ a domain generation algorithm (DGA), which can allow malware to communicate with C2 by generating a variety of network locations. Traditional malware control methods, such as blacklisting, are insufficient to handle DGA threats. In this research, we propose a machine learning framework for identifying and detecting DGA domains to alleviate the threat. We collect real-time threat data from the real-life traffic over a one-year period. The proposed machine learning framework consists of a two-level model. In the two-level model, we first classify the DGA domains apart from normal domains and then use the clustering method to identify the algorithms that generate those DGA domains. Furthermore, we build a deep neural network (DNN) model to enhance the proposed machine learning framework by handling the huge dataset we gradually collected.

Wednesday, April 24, 2019
2:00 PM
ENB 337

THE PUBLIC IS INVITED

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